European Workshop on Large Urban Projects
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Rochester Riverside - Background

Sarah Beck

Rochester Riverside Project Manager

Medway Renaissance





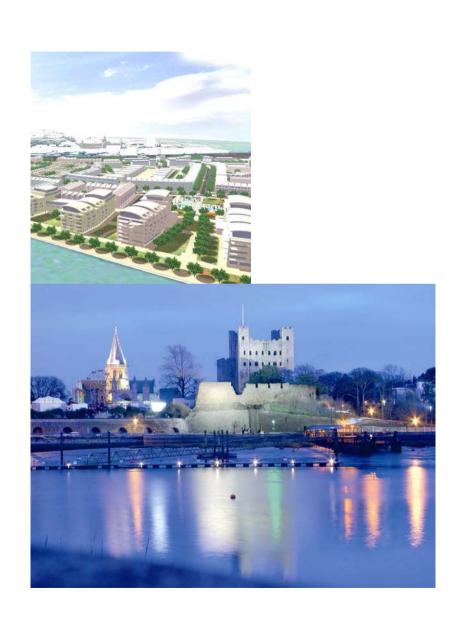






Topics:

- Thames Gateway Context
- History
- Progress to-date

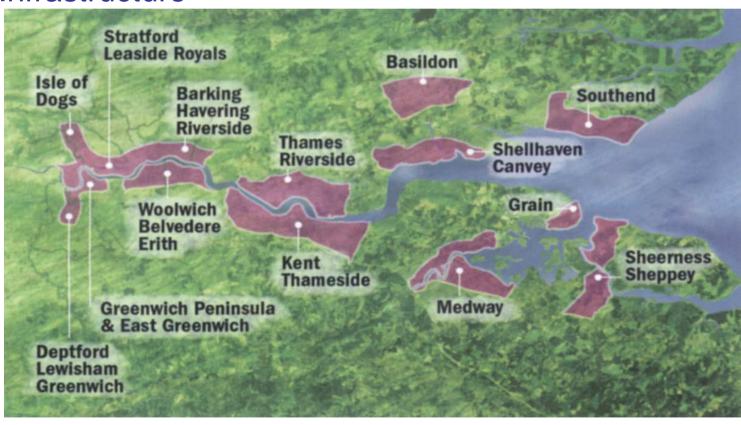


Thames Gateway Growth area



Sustainable communities:

100,000 new homes, Olympic Games, Employment opportunities, Environmental Sustainability, Transport Infrastructure



Medway: Area and linkages



Medway: key waterfront regeneration sites



Medway Regeneration Potential

- Medway waterfront: over 900
 hectares of brownfield land; sites
 along 11 kilometres at its heart
- £6 billion of public and private investment in Medway over the next 10-15 years
- Population expected to rise to 300,000
- 10,000 university students by 2016

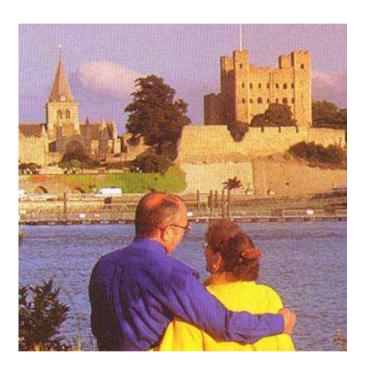






Rochester Riverside today:

- Flagship Thames Gateway scheme
- Part of Medway's Waterfront Strategy
- Approx 30 hectare site
- All land owned by public sector
- £80m public funding spent to-date
- Infrastructure works completed
- Outline Planning permission secured
- First Developers selected

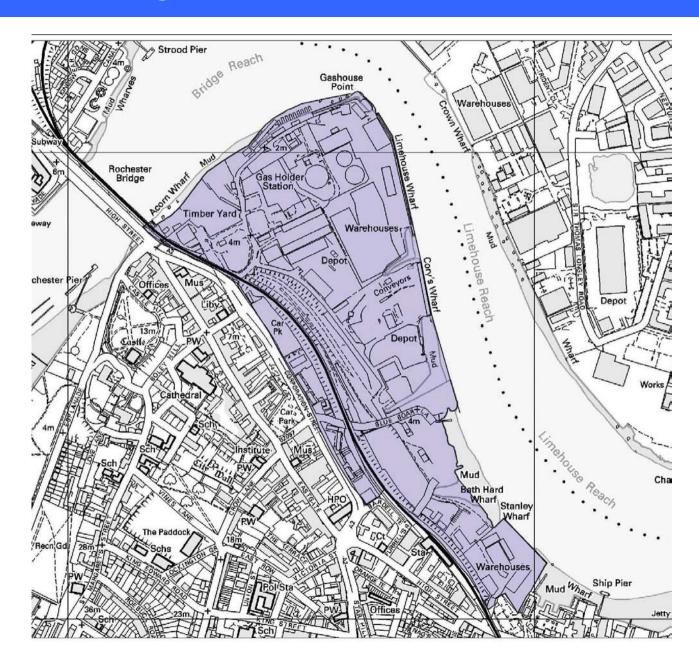


How did we arrive at this point.....

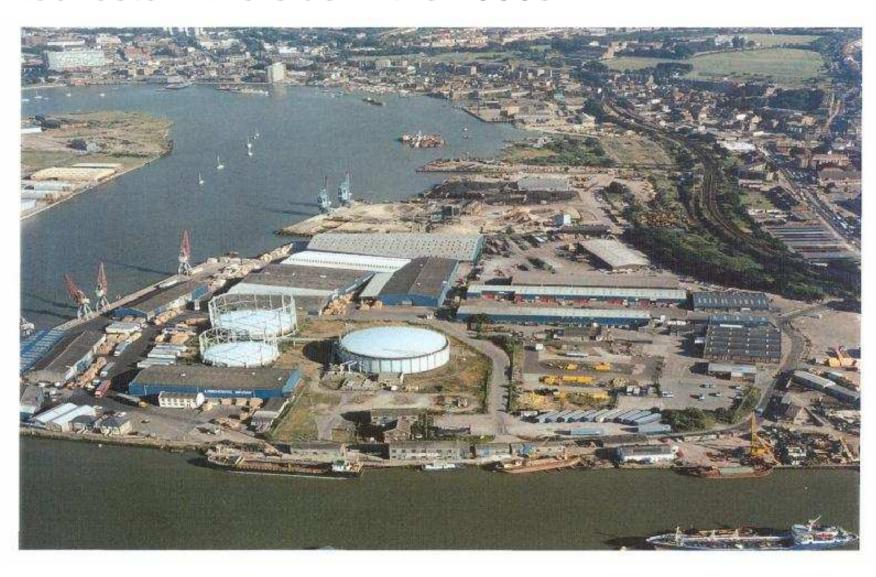
Location:



Location:



Rochester Riverside in the 1990s:



Context:

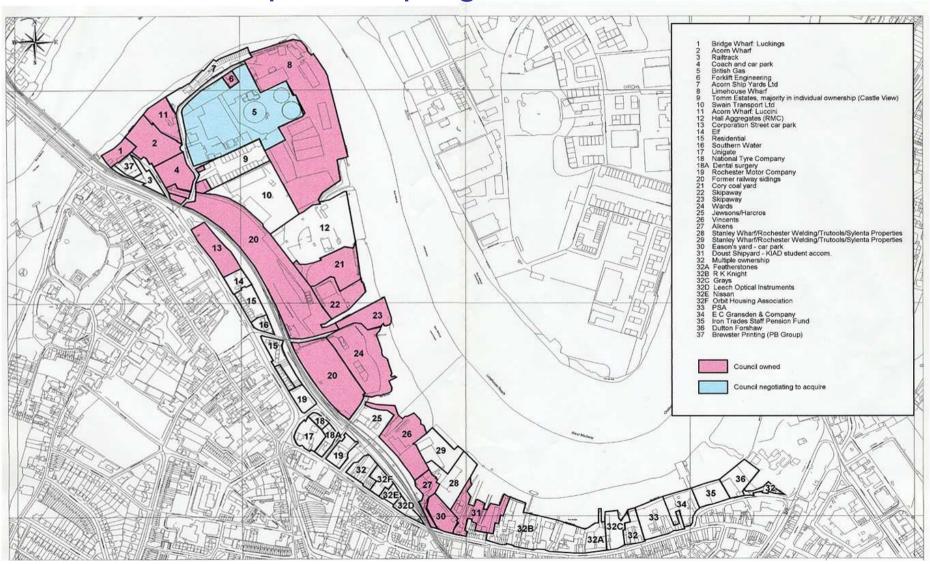
The area in the 1990s:

- Severance from urban core of Rochester
- Poor vehicular access
- No pedestrian access to River Medway
- Low grade industrial uses
- Bad neighbour uses
- Vacant, derelict and contaminated land
- Poor environment
- Fragmented land ownership
- Flood risk





1990s: Land acquisition programme



10 years of Progress:

- 1998 Compulsory Purchase Order confirmed
- 1998 Marketing of whole site
- 2000 Developer A selected as preferred development partner
- 2000 Developer A withdraw unwilling to fund land acquisition
- 2001 Council open negotiations with Developer B
- 2001 Developer B withdraw
- 2001 CPO served on remaining land owners
- 2003 Medway included in Government's Thames Gateway Growth Area
- 2003 Medway Local Plan highlights site as an action area for mixed-use development
- 2003 Council forms partnership with SEEDA who will fund land purchases & etc
- 2004 Masterplan and flood defence/engineering plans developed
- 2004 Demolition starts
- 2004 Medway seek Thames Gateway funds for engineering works
- 2004 Detailed planning application made for engineering works
- 2004 Outline planning application made for masterplan
- 2005 SEEDA purchase gas lands
- 2005 £38m Government funds confirmed for engineering works
- 2005 Engineering works start
- 2006 Outline planning permission granted for masterplan
- 2006 Phased disposal approach agreed and marketing starts
- 2007 Crest Nicholson selected as Phase 1 preferred developer

Public funding spent to-date:

Medway Council & predecessors: £27m

SEEDA: £17m

Government Thames Gateway: £41m

TOTAL £85m

Public funds have been vital, allowing removal of risk by land purchase, funding flood defences and land remediation. The site is now ready for development.

2004: Demolition Progress



2005 - 2008: Engineering works

- Site clearance and demolition
- Landraising by 1-2m
- 400,000m3 of material from River Thames by dredger
- 2.5km new river wall & flood defence

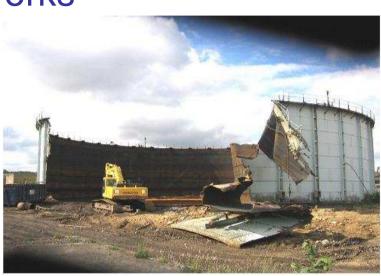




2005 - 2008: Infrastructure works

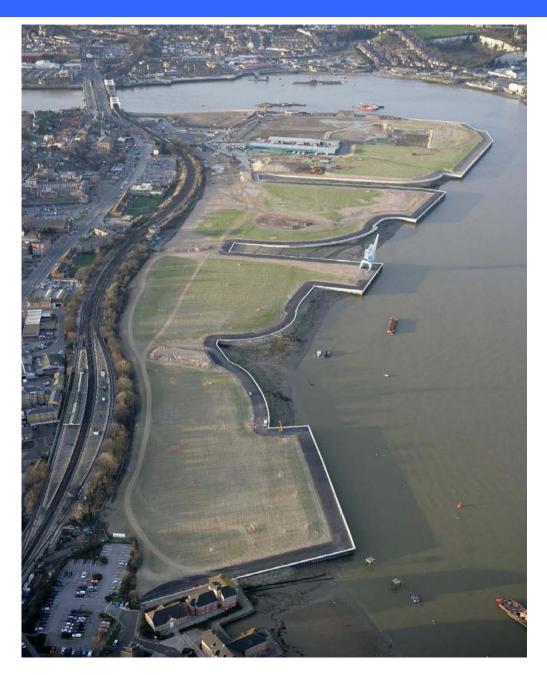
- Decontamination & demolition of 3 Gasholders
- Bioremediation biopiles
- Biodiversity creation of two creeks
- Temporary river walk







2008: Site is ready for development



2004 - 2006: Outline Planning Permission

- Application submitted 2004
- Consultation during 2004
- Permission granted June 2006
- 100 planning conditions
- Strategic approach to development
 - Design standards
 - Sustainability
 - Management arrangements
 - Landscape Plan

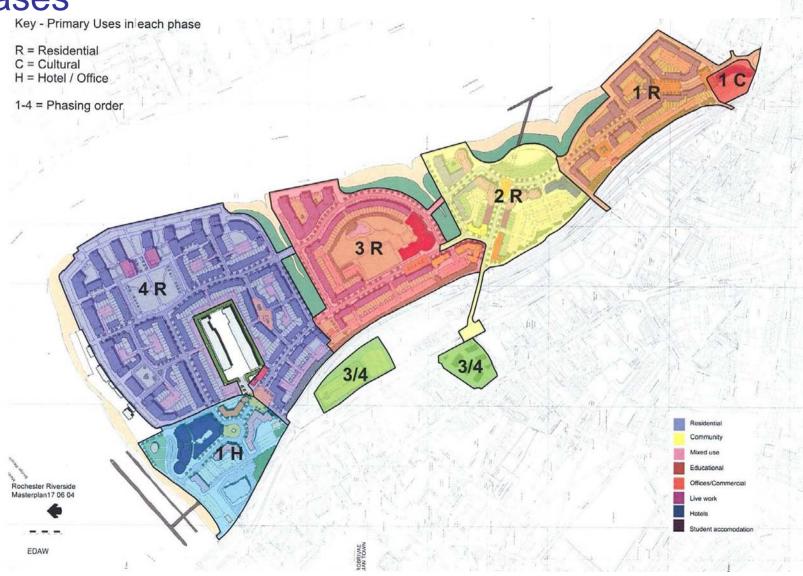


A new sustainable neighbourhood:

- 2,000 Homes
- Cafes, bars, offices, shops
- 2 Hotels
- Primary School
- Nursery Provision
- Health Facility
- Community Facility
- Footbridges and river walk
- Parks and play areas
- Multi-storey car park
- Market square



2006: Development Approach: site disposal in phases



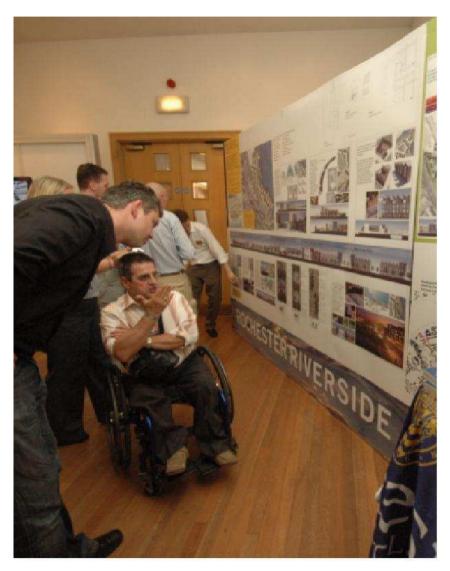
2006: Marketing Phase 1

- Search for the best developer partners
- Design quality critical
- Understanding of sustainability vital



2007: Phase 1 Developer selection

- Key objectives:
 - High quality design
 - Delivery
 - Financially viable
- 4 developers shortlisted:
 - Bellway Homes
 - Countryside Properties
 - Crest Nicholson
 - Urban Splash
- Public Exhibition September 2007
- Crest Nicholson selected as preferred developer January 2008



Anticipated Programme:

- 2009 First new homes built
- **2011** Primary school and community facilities built
- **2022** Anticipated completion of all development

Key lessons:

- Long term vision is required
- Successful delivery of large regeneration projects takes time and continuous work
- Public sector intervention acts as a catalyst for projects
- Public sector intervention reduces private sector risk
- If you don't succeed at first review the options and try again!